



# LOCTITE® 245

December 2007

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE® 245 provides the following product characteristics:

<b>Technology</b>	Acrylic
<b>Chemical Type</b>	Dimethacrylate ester
<b>Appearance (uncured)</b>	Blue liquid <sup>LMS</sup>
<b>Fluorescence</b>	Positive under UV light <sup>LMS</sup>
<b>Components</b>	One component - requires no mixing
<b>Viscosity</b>	Medium
<b>Cure</b>	Anaerobic
<b>Secondary Cure</b>	Activator
<b>Application</b>	Threadlocking
<b>Strength</b>	Medium

LOCTITE® 245 is designed for the locking and sealing of threaded fasteners which require normal disassembly with standard hand tools. The product cures when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces and prevents loosening and leakage from shock and vibration.

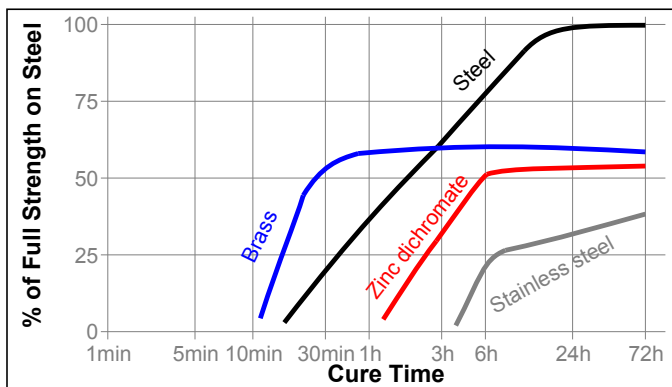
## TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C	1.1
Flash Point - See MSDS	
Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):	
Spindle 5, speed 2.5 rpm	17,500 to 52,500
Spindle 5, speed 20 rpm	5,600 to 10,000 <sup>LMS</sup>
Viscosity, EN 12092 - MV, 25 °C, after 180 s, mPa·s (cP):	
Shear rate 129 s <sup>-1</sup>	550 to 1,000

## TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

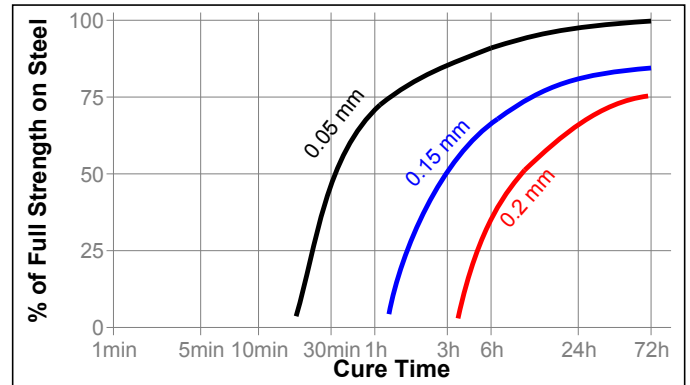
### Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time on M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 10964.



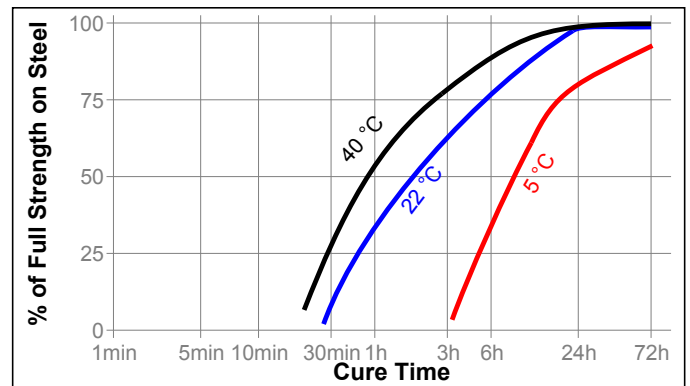
### Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. Gaps in threaded fasteners depends on thread type, quality and size. The following graph shows shear strength developed with time on steel pins and collars at different controlled gaps and tested according to ISO 10123.



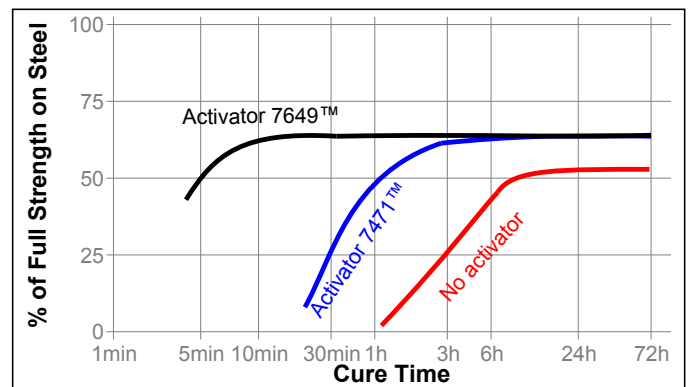
### Cure Speed vs. Temperature

The rate of cure will depend on the temperature. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time at different temperatures on M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts and tested according to ISO 10964.



### Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long, or large gaps are present, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time on M10 zinc dichromate steel M10 nuts and bolts using Activator 7471™ and 7649™ and tested according to ISO 10964.



**TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL****Physical Properties:**

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K <sup>-1</sup>	100×10 <sup>-6</sup>
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)	0.1
Specific Heat, kJ/(kg·K)	0.3

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL****Adhesive Properties**

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Breakaway Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts	N·m (lb.in.)	8 to 18 <sup>MS</sup> (70 to 159)
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Prevail Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts	N·m (lb.in.)	2 to 15 <sup>MS</sup> (17 to 132)
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Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m:

M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts	N·m (lb.in.)	13 to 33 (115 to 292)
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Max. Prevail Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m:

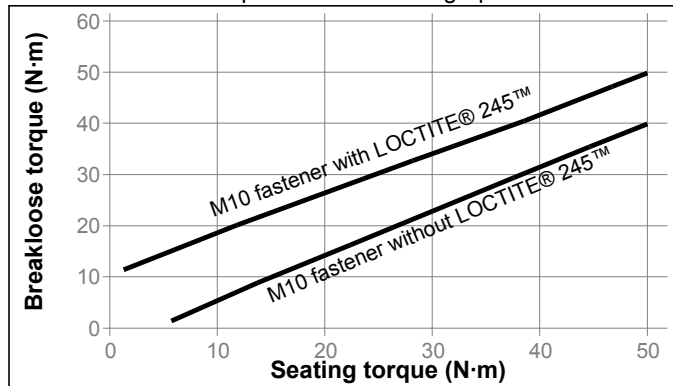
M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts	N·m (lb.in.)	13 to 33 (115 to 292)
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Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:

Steel pins and collars	N/mm <sup>2</sup> (psi)	6 to 14 (870 to 2,030)
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**Torque Augmentation**

Breakloose torque of an uncoated fastener will normally be 15 to 30% less than the on-torque. The effect of LOCTITE® 245 on the breakloose torque is shown in the graph below.

**TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE**

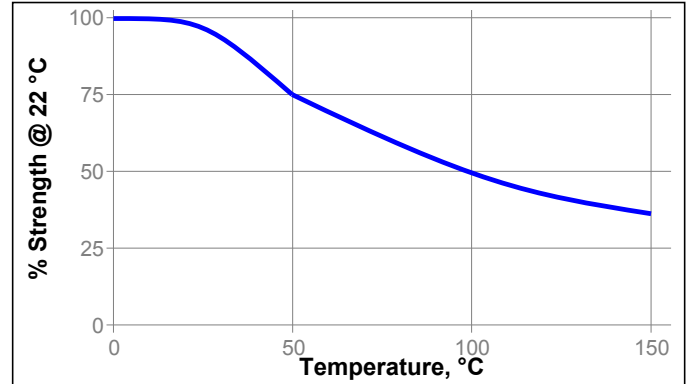
Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C

Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m:

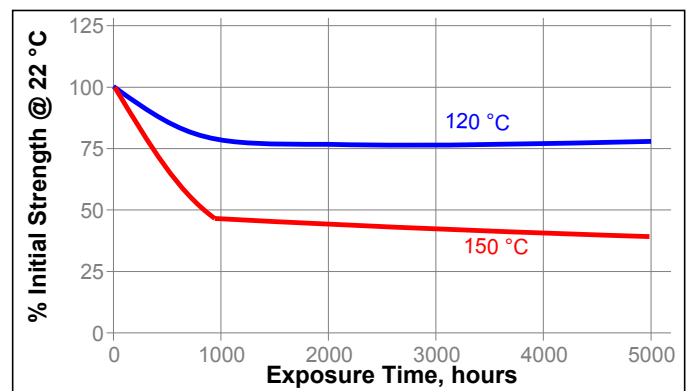
M10 zinc phosphate steel nuts and bolts

**Hot Strength**

Tested at temperature

**Heat Aging**

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C

**Chemical/Solvent Resistance**

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

Environment	°C	% of initial strength		
		100 h	500 h	1000 h
Motor oil (MIL-L-46152)	125	95	90	90
Water/glycol 50/50	87	85	85	85
Gasoline	22	95	90	90
Brake fluid	22	95	95	95
Ethanol	22	100	100	95
Acetone	22	85	85	75

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

**Directions for use****For Assembly**

1. For best results, clean all surfaces (external and internal) with a LOCTITE® cleaning solvent and allow to dry.
2. If the material is an inactive metal or the cure speed is too slow, spray all threads with and allow to dry.
3. Shake the product thoroughly before use.
4. To prevent the product from clogging in the nozzle, do not allow the tip to touch metal surfaces during application.
5. **For Thru Holes**, apply several drops of the product onto the bolt at the nut engagement area.
6. **For Blind Holes**, apply several drops of the product down the internal threads to the bottom of the hole.
7. **For Sealing Applications**, apply a 360° bead of product to the leading threads of the male fitting, leaving the first thread free. Force the material into the threads to thoroughly fill the voids. For bigger threads and voids, adjust product amount accordingly and apply a 360° bead of product on the female threads also.
8. Assemble and tighten as required.

**For Disassembly**

1. Remove with standard hand tools.
2. In rare instances where hand tools do not work because of excessive engagement length, apply localized heat to nut or bolt to approximately 250 °C. Disassemble while hot.

**For Cleanup**

1. Cured product can be removed with a combination of soaking in a Loctite solvent and mechanical abrasion such as a wire brush.

**Loctite Material Specification<sup>LMS</sup>**

LMS dated August 19, 1999. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

**Storage**

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

**Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties**

Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

**Conversions**

$(^{\circ}\text{C} \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}\text{F}$   
 $\text{kV/mm} \times 25.4 = \text{V/mil}$   
 $\text{mm} / 25.4 = \text{inches}$   
 $\mu\text{m} / 25.4 = \text{mil}$   
 $\text{N} \times 0.225 = \text{lb}$   
 $\text{N/mm} \times 5.71 = \text{lb/in}$   
 $\text{N/mm}^2 \times 145 = \text{psi}$   
 $\text{MPa} \times 145 = \text{psi}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 8.851 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{in}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 0.738 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{ft}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm} \times 0.142 = \text{oz}\cdot\text{in}$   
 $\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s} = \text{cP}$

**Note**

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Reference 1.1